

Apellidos: Nombre: DNI/ NIE:

ÁMBITO DE COMUNICACIÓN (Opción INGLÉS)

CALIFICACIÓN:

Lengua extranjera (INGLÉS) (40 puntos)

E. COMPRENSIÓN DE UN TEXTO EN LENGUA EXTRANJERA. (10 puntos)

Scotland Yard.

In 1829, the British established the first Metropolitan Police Force in London. Two police commissioners, Charles Rowan and Richard Mayne, had the job of organizing this force. They set up an office in an English private house at 4, Whitehall Place and today it is called Scotland Yard.

There are two stories about how Scotland Yard got its name. The first story is that the house used to belong to the kings of Scotland. When the kings, or their ambassadors, were in London, they stayed at the house. There was a courtyard behind the house, and they used this courtyard as a police station. They called it "Scotland", so the courtyard was called "Scotland Yard". The second story is that one of the streets behind the house had the words "Scotland Yard" in its name. This is because the area around there belonged to a Scot in the Middle Ages.

Scotland Yard is famous all over the world for its ability to solve many of the crimes that it investigates. Many famous characters from books "worked" at Scotland Yard, like Inspector George Lestrade from the Sherlock Holmes stories by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle and Superintendent Nash from the Miss Marple stories by Agatha Christie.

Texto adaptado de www.burlingtonbooks.com

Vocabulario:

commissioners: inspectores *set up*: establecer *used to*: solia *courtyard*: patio *belong*: pertenecer

12. Indica si las siguientes afirmaciones son verdaderas (V) o falsas (F) <u>y escribe la frase del texto que justifica tu</u> respuesta.

(5 puntos, 1 por apartado)

[] Scotland Yard is in Scotland.

[] There weren 't any metropolitan police forces in England before 1829.

[] An old story says the police station received its name because the house used to belong to an English king.

- [] Scotland Yard solves all the crimes that it investigates.
- [] Many famous people have worked at Scotland Yard.

- 13. Marca la respuesta que mejor se ajuste a lo expresado en el texto. (5 puntos, 1 por apartado)
 - A. The first Metropolitan Police Force was established...
 - \Box ... in the 18th century.
 - $\hfill\square$...in the 19th century.
 - $\hfill\square$...in the 1830s.

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- B. The police station was first ...
 - ...a private house.
 - □ ...a castle belonging to the kings of Scotland.
 - □ ...a part of an office.
- C. The word "Yard" refers to...
 - □ ...Scotland.
 - ...a street near the house.
 - $\hfill\square$...an area at the back part of a house.
- **D.** Scotland Yard is famous...
 - □ ...because many tourists visit it.
 - □ ...because it investigates the stories of books.
 - □ ...because it solves many crimes.
- E. Some important writers...
 - □ ...mention Scotland Yard in their novels.
 - \Box ...work in the police station.
 - ... are commissioners Charles Rowan and Richard Mayne.

F. CONOCIMIENTO DE LA LENGUA EXTRANJERA. (20 puntos)

Elige en cada caso la opción correcta y márcala. (2 puntos por ejercicio)

- **14.** A crocodile is dangerous. mouth is very
 - big.
 - His
 - Your
 - 🛛 Its
- 16. He always after breakfast.
 - brushing his teeth
 - brushes his teeth
 - is brush his teeth
- **18.** Anna: "I haven't got my keys".
 - Anna said that I don't have my keys.
 - Anna said that she didn 't have her Keys.
 - Anna said not to have her keys.
- **20.** My teacher is wearing a pair of on her feet.
 - □ jeans
 - boots
 - gloves

22. Ursula young. She's old.

- 🛛 is
- are
- 🛛 isn't

- **15.** I was having a shower when the phone
 - rang
 - is ringing
 - ring
- **17.** To look for a job you have some experience.
 - u must
 - shouldn't
 - cannot
- **19.** If you visit Spain,...
 - you will love it.
 - you will to love it.
 - **u** you loving it.
- **21.** How are you?
 - I good.
 - □ I'm fine, thanks. And you?
 - □ You're OK.
- **23.** A lot of poems by Shakespeare.
 - were written
 - was write
 - was wrote

G. COMPOSICIÓN ESCRITA EN LENGUA EXTRANJERA. (10 puntos)

24. Los paisajes urbanos cambian y se extienden constantemente en tu entorno. Escribe un texto en inglés de entre 50 y 70 palabras describiendo cómo era tu localidad hace unos años y cómo es ahora. Recuerda usar verbos en Past simple o estructuras como *there was / were* para el pasado y Present simple o *there is / are* para el momento presente. Estas expresiones pueden ayudarte:

Factories / old houses / ago / new buildings / now / shopping stores / green zones Ámbito de comunicación 6 de 6

